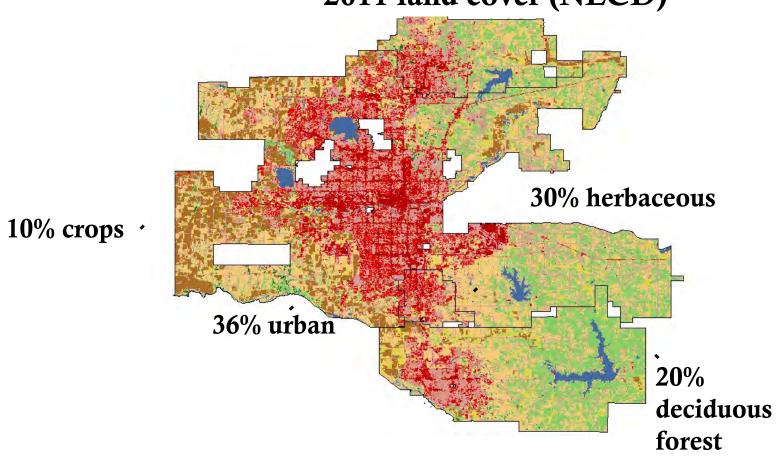


Team:

- Beth Caniglia, Sociology, OSU
- Tracy Boyer, Agricultural Economics, OSU
- **Garey Fox**, Biosystems and Agricultural Engineering and Oklahoma Water Resources Center, OSU
- Jack Friedman, Center for Applied Social Research, OU
- Jennifer Koch, Geography and Environmental Sustainability, OU
- Renee McPherson, Geography and Environmental Sustainability, OU
- Xiangming Xiao, Microbiology and Plant Biology, OU

Setting: Oklahoma City Metro

2011 land cover (NLCD)

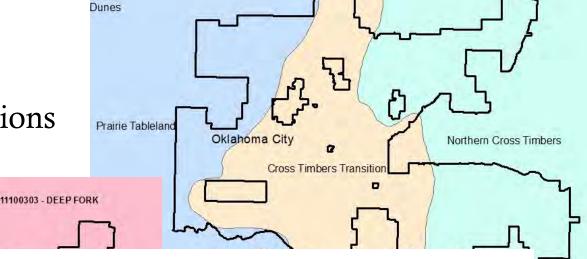


Oklahoma City conforms to social and political rather than watershed boundaries. Its large geographical area spans:

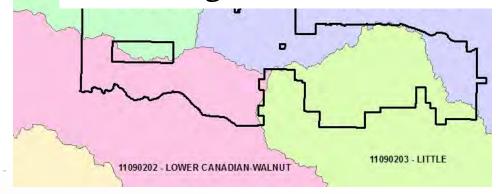
• 4 counties

050002 - LOWER CIMARRON-SKELETON

- 6 watersheds
- 3 major ecoregions



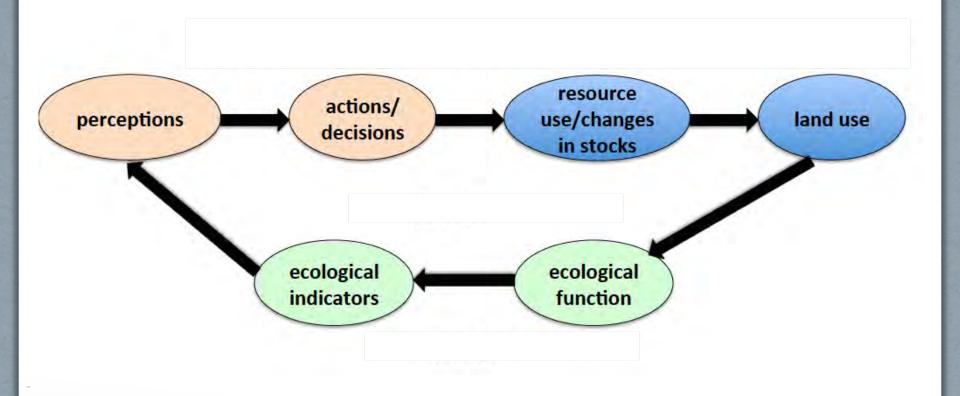
Oklahoma City and its residents play a sizeable role in decision making and resource use in Central Oklahoma and throughout the state.



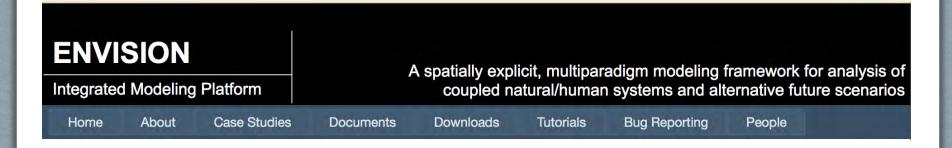
diverse actor groups

Overarching questions:

- How do changes in land use, land management and water resource use feed back to impact human wellbeing?
- What ecological metrics or indicators do people perceive and respond to?



Tools: ENVISION

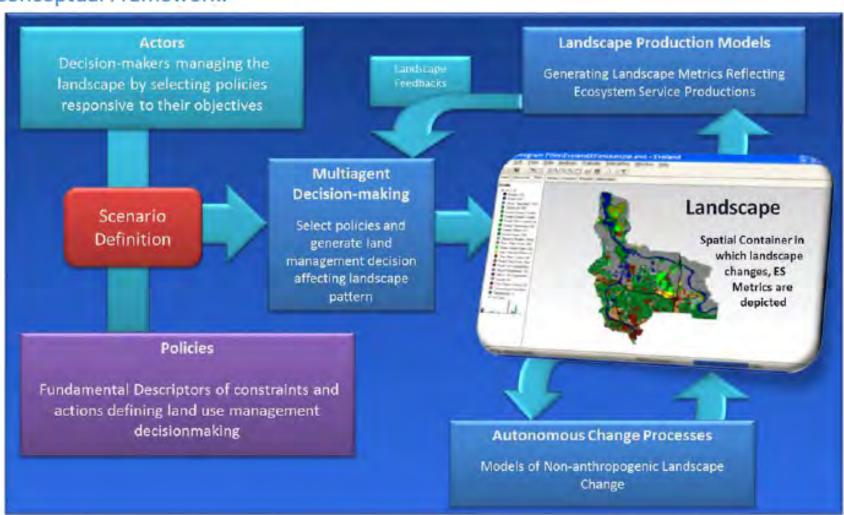


Characteristics:

- GIS-based tool
- Open-source, freely available
- Analysis and simulation of actor decision making in parallel with landscape change
- Alternative futures analyses
- Adaptable to a variety of geographic locations and application domains

Tools: ENVISION

Conceptual Framework:



Identified data needs:

- Remote sensing data of land cover and fluxes, at varying spatial resolutions (very fine 1m to relatively fine 30m)
- Basic demographic data (census block data)
- Data on water costs, policies, and regulations
- Metrics on human wellbeing
- Understanding of municipal and household decision making regarding water resources
- Water budget (including human infrastructure and local hydrology)
- Quantification of ecosystem services provided by urban landscapes

household water use and adoption of water conservation measures

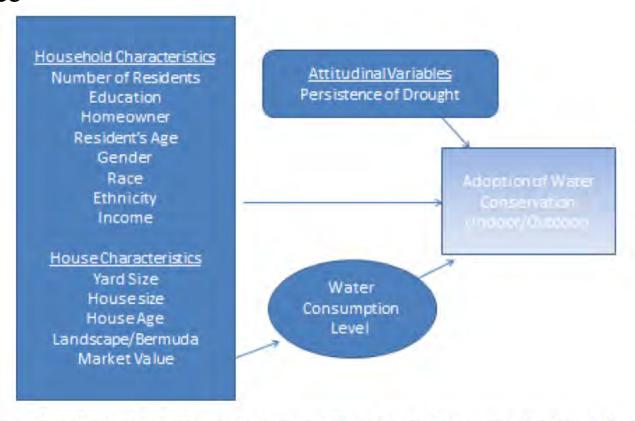
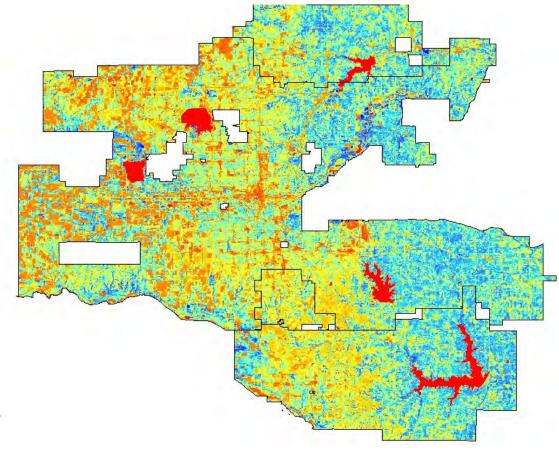


Figure 1. Hypothesized Influence of Independent Variables on Indoor and Outdoor Adoption of Conservation Measures

Tracy Boyer et al, Water Economics and Policy (2015)

remotely sensed land cover, greenness, primary productivity, evapotranspiration

Landsat 30m Enhanced vegetation index (EVI)



Xiangming Xiao

access to greenspaces, influence of policies to increase access

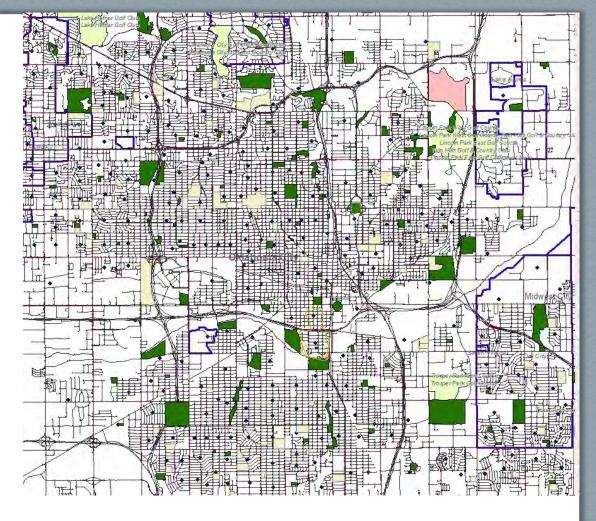
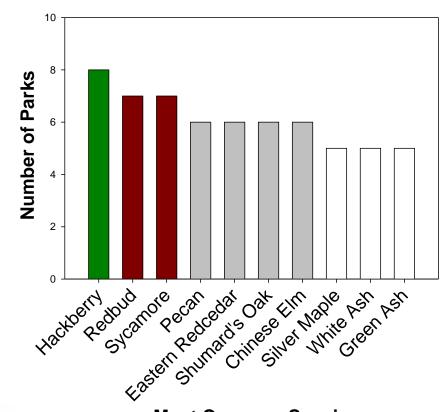


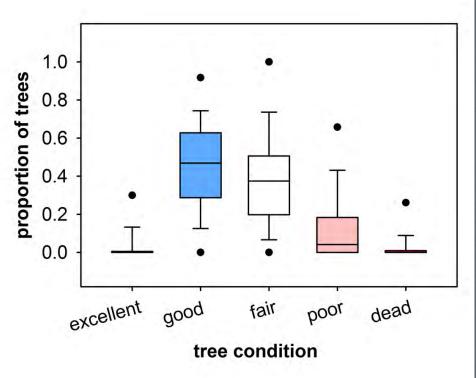
Figure 6: Smaller Green Spaces in the Inner City Area

Daisha Delano, MA thesis (advisor: Beth Caniglia)

urban forest composition, condition, growth, mortality



Most Common Species





Heather McCarthy

What next?

- Compile additional (relevant) information
- Determine appropriate scenarios
- Begin model construction

